JBOSS Enterprise Application Platform 4.2

4.2.0

Installation Guide

ISBN: N/A Publication date: June, 2007 This Installation Guide documents relevant information regarding the installation of JBoss Enterprise Application Platform 4.2.

JBOSS Enterprise Application Platform 4.2: Installation Guide

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1801 Varsity Drive Raleigh, NC 27606-2072 USA Phone: +1 919 754 3700 Phone: 888 733 4281 Fax: +1 919 754 3701 PO Box 13588 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 USA JBOSS Enterprise Application ...

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Introduction

JBoss Enterprise Application Platform is the open source implementation of the Java EE suite of services. It comprises a set of offerings for enterprise customers who are looking for preconfigured profiles of JBoss Enterprise Middleware components that have been tested and certified together to provide an integrated experience. It's easy-to-use server architecture and high flexibility makes JBoss the ideal choice for users just starting out with J2EE, as well as senior architects looking for a customizable middleware platform.

Because it is Java-based, JBoss Enterprise Application Platform is cross-platform, easy to install and use on any operating system that supports Java. The readily available source code is a powerful learning tool to debug the server and understand it. It also gives you the flexibility to create customized versions for your personal or business use.

Installing JBoss Enterprise Application Platform is simple and easy. You can have it installed and running in no time. This guide will teach you to install and uninstall JBoss.

1. Feedback

If you spot a typo in the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform Installation Guide, or if you have thought of a way to make this manual better, we would love to hear from you! Submit a report in *Bugzilla* [http://bugzilla.redhat.com/bugzilla/] against the Product: JBoss Enterprise Application Platform, Version: 4.2.0, Component: Installation_Guide. If you have a suggestion for improving the documentation, try to be as specific as possible. If you have found an error, include the section number and some of the surrounding text so we can find it easily.

2. Other Manuals

If you are looking for detailed product information refer to the manuals available online at *http://www.redhat.com/docs/manuals/jboss*.

Getting Started

1. Pre-Requisites

You must have adequate disk space to install JDK and JBoss Enterprise Application Platform while also allowing enough space for your applications. Before installing JBoss Enterprise Application Platform you must have a working installation of Java. Since JBoss is 100% pure Java you can have it working on any Operating System / Platform that supports Java. However there are a few Operating System-specific issues that you must be aware of. Refer to *http://wiki.jboss.org/wiki/Wiki.jsp?page=JBossOperatingSystemSpecificIssues* for more information.

1.1. Hardware and Operating System Requirements

For the latest information on supported Operating System / JVM combinations and supported Database platforms, please refer to *http://www.redhat.com/jboss/platforms/application/*.

1.2. Configuring Your Java Environment

You must have a working installation of **JDK 1.5** before you install JBoss Enterprise Application Platform. You can install the 32-bit or 64-bit JVM as per your requirements. In this guide we will show you how to install a 32-bit Sun JDK 5.0 on a Linux Platform and Microsoft Windows Platform. But before we do that let's take a look at some of the benefits of using a 64-bit JVM.

Benefits of 64-bit JVM on 64-bit OS and Hardware:

- Wider datapath: The pipe between RAM and CPU is doubled, which improves the performance of memory-bound applications.
- 64-bit memory addressing gives virtually unlimited (1 exabyte) heap allocation. However large heaps affect garbage collection.
- Applications that run with more than 1.5GB of RAM (including free space for garbage collection optimization) should utilize the 64-bit JVM.
- Applications that run on 32-bit JVM and do not require more than minimal heap sizes will gain nothing from a 64-bit JVM. Barring memory issues, 64-bit hardware with the same relative clock speed and architecture is not likely to run Java applications faster than their 32-bit cousin.

Installing and Configuring 32-bit Sun JDK 5.0 on Linux

• Download the Sun JDK 5.0 (Java 2 Development Kit) from Sun's website:

http://java.sun.com/javase/downloads/index_jdk5.jsp. Choose "JDK 5.0 Update <x>" (where x is the latest update number) for download and then select "RPM in self-extracting" file for Linux¹. Read the instructions on Sun's website for installing the JDK.

- If you don't want to use SysV service scripts you can install the "self-extracting file" for Linux instead of choosing the "RPM in self-extracting" file. In that case you can skip the next step mentioned here. But it is recommended to use the SysV service scripts for production servers.
- Download and install the appropriate -compat RPM from JPackage here
 [ftp://jpackage.hmdc.harvard.edu/JPackage/1.7/generic/RPMS.non-free/]. Please ensure you
 choose a matching version of the -compat package to the JDK you installed.
- Create an environment variable that points to the JDK installation directory and call it JAVA_HOME. Add \$JAVA_HOME/bin to the system path to be able to run java from the command line. You can do this by adding the following lines to the .bashrc file in your home directory.

#In this example /usr/java/jdk1.5.0_11 is the JDK installation directory. export JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jdk1.5.0_11 export PATH=\$PATH:\$JAVA_HOME/bin

Set this variable for the user account doing the installation and also for the user account that will run the server.

 If you have more than one version of JVM installed in your machine, make sure you are using the JDK1.5 installation as the default java and javac. You can do this using the alternatives system. The alternatives system allows different versions of Java, from different sources to co-exist on your system.

Select alternatives for java, javac and java_sdk_1.5.0

 As root, type the following command at the shell prompt and you should see something like this:

Make sure the Sun version [jre-1.5.0-sun in this case] is selected (marked with a '+' in the output), or select it by entering its number as prompted.

• Repeat the same for javac and java_sdk_1.5.0. ¹ Make sure you choose the appropriate file for your platform.

```
[root@vsr ~]$ /usr/sbin/alternatives --config javac
There are 1 programs which provide 'javac'.
        Selection Command
*+ 1 /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.5.0-sun/bin/javac
Enter to keep the current selection[+], or type selection number:
```

You should verify that java, javac and java_sdk_1.5.0 all point to the same manufacturer and version.



Note

You can always override this step by setting the JAVA_HOME environment variable as explained in the previous step.

• Make sure that the java executable is in your path and that you are using an appropriate version. To verify your Java environment, type java -version at the shell prompt and you should see something like this:

```
[root@vsr ~]$ java -version
java version "1.5.0_11"
Java(TM) 2 Runtime Environment, Standard Edition (build 1.5.0_11-b03)
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM (build 1.5.0_11-b03, mixed mode, sharing)
```

Installing and Configuring 32-bit Sun JDK 5.0 on Microsoft Windows

- Download the Sun JDK 5.0 (Java 2 Development Kit) from Sun's website: http://java.sun.com/javase/downloads/index_jdk5.jsp. Choose "JDK 5.0 Update <x>" (where x is the latest update number) for download and then select your Windows Platform options to perform the installation.
- Create an environment variable called JAVA_HOME that points to the JDK installation directory,

for example: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.5.0_11\. In order to run java from the command line add the jre\bin directory to your path, for example: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.5.0_11\jre\bin. To do this, open the Control Panel from the Start Menu, switch to Classic View if necessary, open the System Control Panel applet, select the Advanced Tab, and click on the Environment Variables button.

2. Components of JBoss Enterprise Application Platform version 4.2

For current information on the revision level of included components please refer to *http://www.redhat.com/jboss/platforms/application/*.

Installation Alternatives

You can install the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform in one of these three modes:

• Graphical Installer

Using the Graphical Installer can simplify the installation and configuration process for non-sophisticated users. In addition to the basic installation, the installer provides you with basic configuration capabilities, allows you to control whether the JMX interfaces are secured and the ability to enter console username/password.

• ZIP download

In this form of installation, simply unzip the downloaded zip file to the directory of your choice. You can unzip the platform on any operating system that supports the zip format.

• RPM download

In this form of installation, you can automatically install the platform on a Red Hat Enterprise Linux system using the up2date command.

When you install from the installer, you get a smaller install image that is more tuned for your environment. However, the directory structure will be slightly different than when using the rpm/zip archive.

Four types of server configurations will be included in your installation - *minimal*, *default*, *production* and *all*. The Getting Started Guide explains in detail the different server configuration file sets.

Installation Using The Graphical Installer

Launching the Graphical Installer

- The installer is an executable JAR file named enterprise-installer-<release>.jar
- On many operating systems, you can run executable JARs by double-clicking them. If your system doesn't support that, you can run the installer directly from the command line:

[vsr]\$ java -jar enterprise-installer-<release>.jar

• The installer will then guide you through a series of installation steps explained in detail in the following section. You can quit the installation process any time before you confirm the final installation.

Installation Steps

- Choose the language to be used for the installation instructions and press the OK button.
- Read the License Agreement carefully. If you agree to the terms of the agreement select "I accept the terms of this license agreement" option and press the Next button. If you do not accept to the terms then choose "I do not accept to the terms of this license agreement" option. If you choose the second option you will not be able to proceed with the installation.
- Select the Installation Path where you would like JBoss Enterprise Application Platform to be
 installed. You can either type the complete path or browse for it. If the directory corresponding
 to the path you entered does not exist, the installer will create the target directory in the
 specified path. If the directory corresponding to the path you entered exists already, the
 installer will overwrite the contents of the directory. In either case the installer will prompt you
 to confirm the action.



Note

It does not matter where on your system you install JBoss Enterprise Application Platform, however note that installing JBoss Enterprise Application Platform into a directory that has a name containing spaces causes problems in some situations with Sun-based VMs. This is caused by bugs with file URLs not correctly escaping the spaces in the resulting URL.



Figure 4.1. Select Installation Path

• Configure JMX Security - In this section you can control the security settings for the JMX interfaces. You can choose to secure the following services:

jmx-console.war, web-console.war, jmx-invoker-services, http invoker

It is recommended that you click to enable security for all services and change the username/password from the default admin/admin values.

¢	Enterprise Platform	. 3
Boss	JMX Security	
a datase of her Har	This section allows you to control whether the JMX interfaces are secured. See http://wiki.jboss.org/wiki/Wiki.jsp?page=SecureJBoss for additional security configuration.	
THE JBOSS SUBSCRIPTION	Secure jm×-console.war	
	Secure web-console.war	
Support Services and Certified	Secure jmx-invoker-service	
	Secure http invoker	
Software from	The JAAS security domain name for the jm× access points	
the source.	Enter security-domain: jmx-console	
	Enter admin username: admin	
JBOSS.COM	Enter admin password:	_
Boss, a division of Red Ha		
jeoss, a ansisten of nearth	Previous ONext OOUit	٦

Figure 4.2. Configure JMX Security



- Read the release notes information carefully. The information in this section includes known compatibility and configuration issues, library updates, feature requests and bugs, links to additional documentation and license information.
- JBoss Enterprise Application Platform is now ready to install. Verify the installation path displayed in the summary screen before you hit the Next button. Pressing the Next button will begin the installation.
- You can add the JBoss Platform menu in the XDG menu and also choose to create shortcuts on the desktop. If you select the "Create additional shortcuts on the desktop" checkbox, the installer will create the following shortcuts:
 - Shortcut to Start the application server

- Shortcut to Stop the application server
- Shortcut to the documentation
- Shortcut to the JMX Console
- Shortcut to start the demo application

If you run the installer as the root user you can choose to create these shortcuts for all users.

v	Enterprise Platform	= 8
Boss value of the first		
	Setup Shortcuts	
JBOSS APPLICATION	Create shortcuts in the XDG Menu	
SERVER	Create additional shortcuts on the desktop	
	Create shortcuts for:	
The Simply Powerful J2EE	€ current user	
Application Server,	O all users	
	Select a Program Group for the Shortcuts:	
	JBoss Platform Default	
JB055.COM		
JBoss, a division of Red Hat		
	Previous Next 😡 O	uit

Figure 4.3. Create Desktop Shortcuts

• You are done with the installation! You should now have a directory called jboss-eap-4.2, or whatever other name you specified. To explore the Platform directory structure and to understand the layout in detail, refer to the Getting Started Guide.

Installation With **ZIP** Download

1. Download

You can download the zip file from the JBoss Customer Service Portal (CSP), located at *https://network.jboss.com*.

2. Installation

In this form of installation, simply unzip the downloaded zip file to the directory of your choice. You can unzip the platform on any operating system that supports the zip format.

• Unzip jboss-eap-4.2.0-<*release*>.zip to extract the archive contents into the location of your choice. You can do this using the JDK jar tool (or any other ZIP extraction tool).

```
[vsr]$ cd jbeapinstallationdir
[vsr]$ jar -xvf jboss-eap-4.2.0-<release>.zip
```

• You are done with the installation! You should now have a directory called jboss-eap-4.2. Refer to the Getting Started Guide to understand and explore the Platform Directory Structure.

3. Post Installation Security Configuration

When installed from the zip archive, all JBoss services require authentication to access most JBoss services, including administrative services. Additionally no user accounts are set up. This is to stop default user/password-based attacks.

Accounts for the jmx-console and the invokers can be set up by modifying:

\$JBOSS_HOME/server/\$CONFIG/conf/props/jmx-console-users.properties

Accounts for web-console users can be set up by modifying:

\$JBOSS_HOME/server/\$CONFIG/deploy/management/console-mgr.sar/web-console.war/WEB-INF/classes

Where \$JBOSS_HOME is the install directory and \$CONFIG is the server configuration being used.

It is also possible to disable authentication on specific services. All specified paths in the sections below are relative to *\$JBOSS_HOME*.

To disable authentication for the JMX console, edit the following file and comment out the

security-constraint section:

server/\$CONFIG/deploy/jmx-console.war/WEB-INF/web.xml

The following fragment should be commented out:

```
<security-constraint>
   <web-resource-collection>
        <web-resource-name>HtmlAdaptor</web-resource-name>
        <description>An example security config that only allows
users with the
role JBossAdmin to access the HTML JMX console web application
        </description>
        <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
        <http-method>GET</http-method>
        <http-method>POST</http-method>
        </web-resource-collection>
        <auth-constraint>
        <role-name>JBossAdmin</role-name>
        </auth-constraint>
        </security-constraint>
```

To disable authentication for the Web console, edit the following file to comment out the security-constraint section:

server/\$CONFIG/deploy/management/console-mgr.sar/web-console.war/WEB-INF/web.xml

The following fragment should be commented out:

To disable authentication for the http invoker, JNDIFactory, EJBInvokerServlet, and JMXInvokerServlet need to be removed from the security realm in the file:

server/\$CONFIG/deploy/httpha-invoker.sar/invoker.war/WEB-INF/web.xml

For example, the security-constraint element should look as follows:

```
<security-constraint>
    <web-resource-collection>
        <web-resource-name>HttpInvokers</web-resource-name>
        <description>An example security config that only allows
users with the role HttpInvoker to access the HTTP invoker servlets
        </description>
        <url-pattern>/restricted/*</url-pattern>
        <http-method>GET</http-method>
        <http-method>FOST</http-method>
        </web-resource-collection>
        <url-constraint>
        <role-name>HttpInvoker</role-name>
```

To disable authentication for the JMX invoker, edit the following file to comment out the security interceptor passthrough:

server/\$CONFIG/deploy/jmx-invoker-service.xml

Locate the mbean section with the class

org.jboss.jmx.connector.invoker.InvokerAdaptorService. In that section comment out the line that relates to authenticated users:

Installation With RHN

1. Introduction

The Red Hat Network is an Internet solution for managing a single Red Hat Enterprise Linux system or a network of Red Hat Enterprise Linux systems. All Security Alerts, Bug Fix Alerts, and Enhancement Alerts (collectively known as Errata Alerts) can be downloaded directly from Red Hat or your own custom collection. You can even schedule updates for delivery to your system immediately after release.

The Red Hat Update Agent up2date provides your initial connection to Red Hat Network. Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4 and newer systems use the Red Hat Update Agent to register with RHN. Registration involves creating a unique RHN username and password, probing the hardware on your system to create a Hardware Profile, and probing the software packages installed on your system to create a Package Profile. This information is sent to RHN and RHN returns a unique System ID to your system. Once registered, the Red Hat Update Agent enables channel subscription, package installs, and management of System Profiles.

The Red Hat Update Agent, as the base component of RHN, is designed to manage a single system. It allows the system's superuser to view and apply Errata to the system. The RHN web interface facilitates the management, monitoring, and provisioning of a large deployment of systems, including the configuration of the Red Hat Update Agent for each system. More information about the RHN can be viewed on *https://www.redhat.com/rhn/*.

2. Installation using RHN

To be able to install JBoss Enterprise Application Platform using RHN, please firstly ensure that you have met the pre-requisites described in *Section 1, "Pre-Requisites*" and subscribe to the appropriate jbappplatform-4-rpm child channel (refer to the instructions that follow).

Software channels provide a well-defined method to determine which packages should be available to a system for installation or upgrade, based upon its operating systems, packages, and functionality. After logging in to your account on the RHN website at *http://rhn.redhat.com* you can click on a channel name to view its Channel Details page.

You can use the following steps to subscribe a system to the Application Platform channel. This channel will only be available for a valid subscription. Use the Channels tab to view the software channels available for your account.

- For a system that is already registered to Red Hat Network (RHN), log in to your account.
- Select the Systems tab along the top menu. This will bring up the System Overview.
- If the System Overview menu shows System Groups, select View Systems, to see the Systems list.

- Select the desired system by clicking the system name link under the System column.
- Select the Alter Channel Subscriptions link under the Subscribed Channels section (on the right side of the page).
- To modify the child channels associated with this system, use the checkboxes next to the channels and click the Change Subscriptions button. You will receive a success message or be notified of any errors.

To verify that the child channel is now associated with the system, use the up2date command with the --show-channels option from the system. For example:

up2date --show-channels

Please ensure that jbappplatform-*-rpm is listed in your channels.

You can then install the JBoss Application Platform using the following command:

up2date --installall jbappplatform-4-<architecture>-<channel>-rpm

Where <architecture> is your hardware architecture for example x86_64 or i386 and <channel> is the name of the channel you are subscribed to for example as-4 for Red Hat Enterprise Linux Advanced Server 4, 5 for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 Server or Desktop etc. For an x86 64 bit architecture running Red Hat Enterprise Linux Advanced Server 4 the following syntax will be used:

up2date --installall jbappplatform-4-x86_64-as-4-rpm

Uninstall JBoss

If you used the GUI installer to install JBoss Enterprise Application Platform, then an automatic uninstaller is also installed. From the GUI the uninstaller can be selected from the JBoss program group, if one was created at installation time. A second option is to run this uninstaller from the command line. Within the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform Installation directory you will find a directory called Uninstaller. Inside the Uninstaller directory you will find a jar file named uninstaller. jar. Run the uninstaller from the command line using the jar utility.

```
[vsr]$ java -jar uninstaller.jar
```

This command will launch the uninstaller program. If you wish to delete the installation directory and all its contents select the check box "Force the deletion of <installation_directory>" and hit the Uninstall button.

	IzPack - Uninstaller 📃 🗶				
ү Т	his will remove the installed application(s)!				
	Force the deletion of /home/vrenish/EnterprisePlatform-4.2.0.BETA				
[Nothing]					
	Uninstall 😣 Quit				

Figure 7.1. Uninstaller

If no uninstaller is available, and JBoss Enterprise Application Platform was installed using the zip file, it may be uninstalled by simply deleting the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform installed directory.

Test your Installation

After you have installed the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform, it is wise to perform a simple startup test to validate that there are no major problems with your Java VM/operating system combination. To test your installation, move to JBOSS_DIST/jboss-as/bin directory and execute the run.bat (for Windows) or run.sh (for Linux) script, as appropriate for your operating system. Your output should look like the following (accounting for installation directory differences) and contain no error or exception messages:

```
[jwulf@thinkpad bin]$ ./run.sh
JBoss Bootstrap Environment
 JBOSS_HOME: /home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as
 JAVA: java
 JAVA_OPTS: -Dprogram.name=run.sh -server -Xms1503m -Xmx1503m
-Dsun.rmi.dgc.client.
gcInterval=3600000 -Dsun.rmi.dqc.server.qcInterval=3600000
-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true
  CLASSPATH: /home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/bin/run.jar
_____
13:11:46,215 INFO [Server] Starting JBoss (MX MicroKernel)...
13:11:46,217 INFO [Server] Release ID: JBoss [EAP] 4.2.0.GA (build:
SVNTag=JBoss_4_2_0_GA date=200706111042)
13:11:46,218 INFO [Server] Home Dir: /home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as
13:11:46,219 INFO [Server] Home URL:
file:/home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/
13:11:46,220 INFO [Server] Patch URL: null
13:11:46,225 INFO [Server] Server Name: production
13:11:46,225 INFO [Server] Server Home Dir:
/home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/server/production
13:11:46,225 INFO [Server] Server Home URL:
file:/home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/server/production/
13:11:46,225 INFO [Server] Server Log Dir:
/home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/server/production/log
13:11:46,226 INFO [Server] Server Temp Dir:
/home/jwulf/jboss-eap-4.2/jboss-as/server/production/tmp
13:11:46,226 INFO [Server] Root Deployment Filename: jboss-service.xml
13:11:47,071 INFO [ServerInfo] Java version: 1.5.0_11,Sun Microsystems Inc.
13:11:47,071 INFO [ServerInfo] Java VM:
Java HotSpot(TM) Server VM 1.5.0_11-b03,Sun Microsystems Inc.
13:11:47,072 INFO [ServerInfo] OS-System: Linux 2.6.21-1.3228.rhel5,i386
13:11:48,558 INFO [Server] Core system initialized
13:11:56,934 INFO [WebService] Using RMI server codebase:
http://127.0.0.1:8083/
13:11:56,940 INFO [Log4jService$URLWatchTimerTask]
Configuring from URL: resource:jboss-log4j.xml
```



Note

Note that there is no "Server Started" message shown at the console when the server is started using the production profile, which is the default profile used when no other is specified. This message may be observed in the server.log file located in the server/production/log subdirectory.

Now open http://localhost:8080 in your web browser. (Make sure you dont have anything else already on your machine using that port).¹ The contents of your page should look similar to this: *Figure 8.1, "Test your Installation"*.

-	
Location Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Settings Window Help	
💈 🔍 🔍 🍉 🍘 🕼 🕼 👘 👘 🖾 🕵 🔍 🎱 🕹 J	e
Location: Chttp://localhost:8080/	9
BOSS	
JBoss Online Resources • JBoss Documentation	
JBoss Wiki JBoss JIRA JBoss Forums	
JBoss Management	
 Tomcat status (full) (XML) JMX Console JBoss Web Console 	
JBoss™ Application Server	

Figure 8.1. Test your Installation

You are now ready to use the JBoss Enterprise Application Platform. Refer to the Getting

¹ Note that on some machines, the name localhost won't resolve properly and you should use the local loopback address 127.0.0.1 instead.

Started Guide for more information about the platform layout and example applications showcasing JBoss in action.